(b) and (c) Forty fixed deposit receipts (FDRS) aggregating Rs. 1.02 crores (including interest) were released in the Sadar Zazar, Qutab Road branch of Punjab and Sind Bank on 15-5-91 by the branch manager inspite of advice of the Central Economic Intelligence Bureau (CEIB) not to make payments since they were suspected to be in bogus names. The amount was withdrawn on 16-5-91 from the Savings Bank Accounts, opened on 15-5-91, to which these amounts were credited the same day by way of manager's cheques. The matter has been taken up by the Central Bureau of Investigation.

"Hazardous industrial units in Delhi"

1198. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total number of hazardous industrial units in Delhi at present; and

(b) what action Government propose to take against such units?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) Delhi Administration have informed that 21 industrial units which could be termed as hazardous on the basis of quantity of chemicals manufactured, handled and stored by them have been identified in Delhi.

(b) Hazardous units have to comply with the rules made under the provisions of Factories Act, 1948 and also under the provisions of Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989 framed under the Environment (Protection) Act,1986. Some of these rules relate to the preparation of on-site and off-site plans, safety in transportation, disposal of wastes and effluents, precaution in case of fire, safety of health of workers, proper information regarding hazardous processes and hazardous operations etc. Action is taken against units violating such rules under the relevant provisions of the Acts.

Scheme to borrow gold from the public

1199. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to an article which appeared in the Business Times of the 11th June, 1991 captioned "Private Gold for Public Cash";

(b) whether Government propose to start a scheme to 'borrow' gold held by the public in the country and convert it into foreign exchange; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir, there is no such proposal at present.

(c) Does not arise.

Delay in the enactment of code on Infant Milk Food etc.

1200. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have been receiving communications from paediatricians and other NGOs regarding delays in passing and enactment of code on Infant Milk Foods etc. which has been delayed since 1983 largely due to Gujarat lobby; and

(b) whether Government will ensure that the Bill is passed early?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS) WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF WOMAN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT): (a) Government have received a number of representations on the subject from Paediatricians and NGOs giving various suggestions including early enactment of various provisions of Indian National code for protection and promotion of breast feeding. A Bill namely "The Infant Milk Foods and Feeding Bottles (Regulation of Production, Supply and Distribution) Bill, 1986" was introduced in the Rajya Sabha. The Bill lapsed with the dissolution of the Eighth Lok Sabha. Subsequently the scope of the Bill was enlarged and a Bill viz. "The Infant Milk Foods, Feeding Bottles and Infant Foods (Regulation of Production, Supply and Distribution) Bill, 1991" was introduced in the Lok Sabha on 10th January, 1991. However, the Bill lapsed due to dissolution of the Ninth Lok Sabha. Thus the delay is not due to pressure from any lobby.

(b) The matter is under active consideration of the Government.

भारत द्वारा विदेशों से लिए गए कर्ज

1201. **श्रीमती सुषमा स्वराज :** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) आज तक भारत ने विदेशों से कुल कितनी राशि का कर्ज लिया है ;

(ख) यह राशि किस-किस देश से कितनी-कितनी ली गई ;

(ग) क्या रुपये की विनिमय दर में समायोजन के कारण विदेशों से लिए गए कर्ज की राशि स्वाभाविक रूप से बढ़ गई है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो बढ़ी हुई राशि का अनमान क्या है ?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री रामेश्वर ठाकुर) : (क) 31 मार्च, 1991 तक विदेशों/विदेशी संस्थाओं से सरकारी खाते पर लिए गए ऋणों की कुल राशि 49735.45 करोड़ रुपए थी ।

(ख) सूचना संलग्न विवरण में दी गई है ।

(ग) और (घ) रुपए की विनिमय दर में किए गए समायोजन के परिणामस्वरूप संबंधित विदेशी मुद्राओं में लिए गए ऋण की राशि में कोई बढ़ोतरी नहीं हुई है । तथापि, 1 जुलाई और 3 जुलाई, 1991 को रुपए की विनिमय दर में किए गए समायोजन के फलस्वरूप उधार ली गई राशि के समतुल्य रुपयों में जिस मुद्रा में उधार लिया गया है, उसके आधार पर लगभग 21 से 23 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हो जाएगी ।

विवरण

विदेशों/विदेशी संस्थाओं से भारत द्वारा लिए गए ऋणों की राशि

सरकारी खाता

(राशि डी. सी. मिलियन में)

क्रम सं.	देश/संस्थाएं	मुद्रा	31-03-1991 तक कुल उपयोग
1.	आबू-धाबी निधि	यू. ए. ई. दिरहम	68.000
2.	आस्ट्रिया	आस्ट्रियाई शिलिंग	1521.383
3.	बहरीन	पौंड (स्टर्लिंग)	5.891
4.	बुल्गारिया	भारतीय रुपए	—
5.	बेल्जियम	बल्जियम फ्रैंक	4755.514
6.	कनाडा	कनाडी डालर	924.846